

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/673,814	09/29/2003	Dennis Wyman	V0099.10.U	2214
7590 06/10/2004			EXAMINER	
Matthew W. Baca			ARK, DARREN W	
Rogers Towers, P.A. Suite 1500			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1301 Riverplace Boulevard			3643	
Jacksonville, FL 32207			DATE MAILED: 06/10/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Λ			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summany	10/673,814	WYMAN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
The MAN INC DATE of this communication and	Darren W. Ark	3643			
The MAILING DATE of this communication apportant appropriate the second section appropriate the second s	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address 🔾			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E.	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-39 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-39 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the large drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prioric application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	_				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>9/23/2003</u>. 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:				

Art Unit: 3643

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 1-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In regard to claim 1, the term "(CTS)" renders the claim vague and indefinite since it is unclear whether terms in parenthesis are part of the desired invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1, 5, 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by French Pat. No. 1,139,086 to Coutant.

Coutant discloses a support member (1); a constant torque spring motor (12-14) comprising a strip-like spring material (13 made of rubber) wound (13 extends about both 12 & 14) onto at least one storage drum (14) and at least one output drum (12).

Art Unit: 3643

5. Claims 1, 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Brakers 1,469,883.

Brakers discloses a support member (1, 10); a constant torque spring motor (generally 26, 27) comprising a strip-like spring material (flat spiral spring 27 of the clock spring type).

6. Claims 1, 5-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by O'Hara 3,889,896.

O'Hara discloses a support member (18); a constant torque spring motor (see Fig. 5) comprising a strip-like spring material (52) wound onto at least one storage drum (54) and at least one out output drum (50).

7. Claims 1-3, 5-11, 21, 22, 24-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Jannotta et al. 5,104,056.

Jannotta et al. discloses a support member (170) comprising a hollow barrel tube (see Fig. 1) with a distal open mouth end (172) and a flexible pull-out line support member (26); a constant torque spring motor (10, 36) comprising a strip-like spring material (64) wound onto at least one storage drum (60) and at least one out output drum (34).

Art Unit: 3643

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over French
 Pat. No. 1,139,086 to Coutant.

Coutant discloses the spring material being rubber and with a spiral curvature conforming to the at least one storage drum (13 is slightly wound around 14), but does not disclose the spring material comprising a pre-stressed metallic band. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the spring out of a pre-stressed metallic band, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice, and because a pre-stressed metallic band would provide the necessary resiliency in casting the fishing gear. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

10. Claims 2-4, 21-24, 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over French Pat. No. 1,139,086 to Coutant in view of Coehlo 2,873,547 or Shotton 2,225,719.

Coutant discloses a support member (1, 2), but does not disclose the support member comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end. Coehlo and Shotton disclose the support member (20 or 21 or 1) comprising a hollow tube with a distal open

Art Unit: 3643

mouth end and a flexible pull out line support (10 or 28). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the support member of Coutant such that it comprises a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end in view of Coehlo, Kronhaus et al., or Shotton in order to provide an enclosed area from which to launch the fishing gear so that it reliably protects the fishing gear prior to delivery.

11. Claims 5-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over French Pat. No. 1,139,086 to Coutant in view of Jannotta et al. 5,104,056 or Schulteis 3,812,589.

Alternatively, Coutant does not disclose the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum. Jannotta et al. and Schulteis disclose a CTS motor comprising a strip-like material (64 or 44) wound onto at least one storage drum (60 or 43) and at least one output drum (34 or 45). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the motor using a rubber spring of Coutant for the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum as taught by Janotta et al. and Schulteis in order to provide a motor which has stronger components that will not break under large forces or repeated uses.

12. Claims 24-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over French Pat. No. 1,139,086 to Coutant in view of Coehlo 2,873,547 or Shotton 2,225,719 as applied to claim 21 above, and further in view of Jannotta et al. 5,104,056 or Schulteis 3,812,589.

Art Unit: 3643

Coutant and Coehlo or Shotton do not disclose the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum.

Jannotta et al. and Schulteis disclose a CTS motor comprising a strip-like material (64 or 44) wound onto at least one storage drum (60 or 43) and at least one output drum (34 or 45). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the motor using a rubber spring of Coutant and Coehlo or Shotton for the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum as taught by Janotta et al. and Schulteis in order to provide a motor which has stronger components that will not break under large forces or repeated uses.

13. Claims 1, 5-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over French Pat. No. 1,139,086 to Coutant in view of Jannotta et al. 5,104,056 or Schulteis 3,812,589.

Alternatively, Coutant does not disclose the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum. Jannotta et al. and Schulteis disclose a CTS motor comprising a strip-like material (64 or 44) wound onto at least one storage drum (60 or 43) and at least one output drum (34 or 45). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the motor using a rubber spring of Coutant for the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum as taught by Janotta et al. and Schulteis in order to provide a motor which has stronger components that will not break under large forces or repeated uses.

Art Unit: 3643

14. Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over French Pat. No. 1,139,086 to Coutant in view of Jannotta et al. 5,104,056 or Schulteis 3,812,589 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Coehlo 2,873,547 or Shotton 2,225,719.

Coutant and Janotta et al. or Schulteis discloses a support member (1, 2), but does not disclose the support member comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end. Coehlo and Shotton disclose the support member (20 or 21 or 1) comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end and a flexible pull out line support (10 or 28). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the support member of Coutant and Janotta et al. or Schulteis such that it comprises a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end in view of Coehlo or Shotton in order to provide an enclosed area from which to launch the fishing gear so that it reliably protects the fishing gear prior to delivery.

15. Claims 21-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over French Pat. No. 1,139,086 to Coutant in view of Jannotta et al. 5,104,056 or Schulteis 3,812,589 and Coehlo 2,873,547 or Shotton 2,225,719.

Alternatively, Coutant does not disclose the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum. Jannotta et al. and Schulteis disclose a CTS motor comprising a strip-like material (64 or 44) wound onto at least one storage drum (60 or 43) and at least one output drum (34 or 45). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the motor using a rubber spring of Coutant for the CTS

Art Unit: 3643

motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum as taught by Janotta et al. and Schulteis in order to provide a motor which has stronger components that will not break under large forces or repeated uses.

Coutant discloses a support member (1, 2), but does not disclose the support member comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end. Coehlo and Shotton disclose the support member (20 or 21 or 1) comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end and a flexible pull out line support (10 or 28). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the support member of Coutant such that it comprises a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end in view of Coehlo, Kronhaus et al., or Shotton in order to provide an enclosed area from which to launch the fishing gear so that it reliably protects the fishing gear prior to delivery.

16. Claims 2-4, 21-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brakers 1,469,883 in view of Coehlo 2,873,547 or Shotton 2,225,719.

Brakers discloses a support member (1, 10), but does not disclose the support member comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end. Coehlo, Kronhaus et al., and Shotton disclose the support member (20 or 21 or 1) comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end and a flexible pull out line support (10 or 28). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the support member of Brakers such that it comprises a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end in view of Coehlo or Shotton in order to provide an enclosed area from which to launch the fishing gear so that it reliably protects the fishing gear prior to delivery.

Art Unit: 3643

17. Claims 1, 5-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brakers 1,469,883 in view of Jannotta et al. 5,104,056 or Schulteis 3,812,589.

Alternatively, Brakers does not disclose the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum. Jannotta et al. and Schulteis disclose a CTS motor comprising a strip-like material (64 or 44) wound onto at least one storage drum (60 or 43) and at least one output drum (34 or 45). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the motor using a rubber spring of Brakers for the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum as taught by Janotta et al. and Schulteis in order to provide a motor which does not require the crank handle of Brakers to generate the tension in the spring necessary to propel the fishing gear.

18. Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brakers 1,469,883 in view of Jannotta et al. 5,104,056 or Schulteis 3,812,589 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Coehlo 2,873,547 or Shotton 2,225,719.

Brakers and Janotta et al. or Schulteis disclose a support member (1, 10), but do not disclose the support member comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end. Coehlo, Kronhaus et al., and Shotton disclose the support member (20 or 21 or 1) comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end and a flexible pull out line support (10 or 28). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the support member of Brakers and Janotta et al. or Schulteis such that it comprises a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end in view of Coehlo or Shotton in

Art Unit: 3643

order to provide an enclosed area from which to launch the fishing gear so that it reliably protects the fishing gear prior to delivery.

19. Claims 21-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brakers 1,469,883 in view of Coehlo 2,873,547 or Shotton 2,225,719 and Jannotta et al. 5,104,056 or Schulteis 3,812,589.

Brakers discloses a support member (1, 10), but does not disclose the support member comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end. Coehlo, Kronhaus et al., and Shotton disclose the support member (20 or 21 or 1) comprising a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end and a flexible pull out line support (10 or 28). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the support member of Brakers such that it comprises a hollow tube with a distal open mouth end in view of Coehlo or Shotton in order to provide an enclosed area from which to launch the fishing gear so that it reliably protects the fishing gear prior to delivery.

Brakers does not disclose the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum. Jannotta et al. and Schulteis disclose a CTS motor comprising a strip-like material (64 or 44) wound onto at least one storage drum (60 or 43) and at least one output drum (34 or 45). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the motor using a rubber spring of Brakers for the CTS motor comprising a strip-like material wound onto at least one storage drum and at least one output drum as taught by Janotta et al. and Schulteis in order to provide a motor which

Art Unit: 3643

does not require the crank handle of Brakers to generate the tension in the spring necessary to propel the fishing gear.

Allowable Subject Matter

20. Claims 12-20, 31-39 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

21. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Coshow 3,503,570 discloses an auxiliary reel (20) having a negator spring or the like may be carried on the outer periphery of the reel housing whereby the length of the line which is payed out may be reeled onto the auxiliary reel rather than onto the stationary spool.

Art Unit: 3643

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Darren W. Ark whose telephone number is (703) 305-3733. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th, 8:00am-6:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter M. Poon can be reached on (703) 308-2574. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Darren W. Ark
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 3643

DWA